their formal qualifications, whoever they were—and inspired unparalleled innovation and achievement over five decades.

Along the way there have been setbacks and tough defeats. How could there not be given the powerful interests he has challenged and the profound ways in which he has upended the status quo? I am reminded about something his friend Norman Thomas once said, which is now enshrined on a plaque in the library at Princeton University. "I am not the champion of lost causes, but the champion of causes not yet won."

Let me conclude with another poem. In a world spiraling toward nightmare in 1938 Bertolt Brecht wrote "To Posterity." He lamented "Alas, we who sought a world

He lamented "Alas, we who sought a world of human kindness could not ourselves be kind."

Stan has rewritten the poem with the work of a lifetime. His version would read "we who sought a world of human kindness could only achieve it through kindness, generosity, and solidarity with our fellow human beings."

Happy birthday, Stan!

REMEMBERING LEO R. SEGALLA, SR.

• Mr. VITTER. Mr. President, today I wish to honor the life, legacy, and contributions of Leo R. Segalla, Sr., who passed away on Monday, September 10, 2012. Mr. Segalla was a dedicated prolife leader whose tireless efforts for many ministries and outreaches had a tremendous impact on the fight to defend the dignity of life.

In 2007, Leo approached Louisiana Right to Life with the vision of creating a pro-life leadership training program for high school students. He developed the Louisiana Camp Joshua program on behalf of the Knights of Columbus and Louisiana Right to Life. Under his leadership, Camp Joshua flourished and grew to two camps, the first in Baton Rouge and the second in Lake Charles. Over the past 5 years, this program has trained hundreds of teens to speak effectively on life issues and has inspired young adults to be pro-life leaders in their communities.

Leo also greatly contributed to the pro-life cause through his leadership in Baton Rouge Right to Life and as part of the Louisiana Life March Coalition. The pro-life community has lost a great friend and advocate, but his legacy will live on in the hundreds of young people who have been empowered to stand for the dignity and sanctity of all human life.

It is with great sadness but also great honor that I recognize, commend, and celebrate the life and legacy of Leo Segalla. Leo was a champion of life who was unwavering in his defense of those who cannot defend themselves. I extend my deepest condolences to his family and friends in Louisiana.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Pate, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the PRE-SIDING OFFICER laid before the Sen-

ate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The messages received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

REPORT ON THE CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO PERSONS THREATEN WHO COMMIT, TO COMMIT, OR. SUPPORT TER-THATWAS ESTAB-RORISM LISHED IN EXECUTIVE ORDER 13224 ON SEPTEMBER 23, 2001—PM 61

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, within the 90day period prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision. I have sent to the Federal Register for publication the enclosed notice, stating that the national emergency with respect to persons who commit, threaten to commit, or support terrorism is to continue in effect beyond September 23, 2012.

The crisis constituted by the grave acts of terrorism and threats of terrorism committed by foreign terrorists, including the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, in New York and Pennsylvania and against the Pentagon, and the continuing and immediate threat of further attacks on United States nationals or the United States that led to the declaration of a national emergency on September 23, 2001, has not been resolved. These actions pose a continuing unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. For these reasons, I have determined that it is necessary to continue the national emergency declared with respect to persons who commit, threaten to commit, or support terrorism, and maintain in force the comprehensive sanctions to respond to this threat.

BARACK OBAMA. THE WHITE HOUSE, September 11, 2012.

REPORT RELATIVE TO THE CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO THE TERRORIST ATTACKS ON THE UNITED STATES OF SEPTEMBER 11, 2001—PM 62

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message

from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs:

To the Congress of the United States

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, within the 90day period prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. Consistent with this provision, I have sent to the Federal Register the enclosed notice, stating that the emergency declared with respect to the terrorist attacks on the United States of September 11, 2001, is to continue in effect for an additional year.

The terrorist threat that led to the declaration on September 14, 2001, of a national emergency continues. For this reason, I have determined that it is necessary to continue in effect after September 14, 2012, the national emergency with respect to the terrorist threat.

BARACK OBAMA. THE WHITE HOUSE, September 11, 2012.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

At 2:15 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Novotny, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 406. An act to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to permit candidates for election for Federal office to designate an individual who will be authorized to disburse funds of the authorized campaign committees of the candidate in the event of the death of the candidate.

H.R. 2139. An act to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the centennial of the establishment of Lions Clubs International.

H.R. 2489. An act to authorize the acquisition and protection of nationally significant battlefields and associated sites of the Revolutionary War and the War of 1812 under the American Battlefield Protection Program.

H.R. 2706. An act to prohibit the sale of billfish.

H.R. 3397. An act to modify the Forest Service Recreation Residence Program by implementing a simple, equitable, and predictable procedure for determining cabin user fees, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6007. An act to exempt from the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 certain water transfers by the North Texas Municipal Water District and the Greater Texoma Utility Authority.

H.R. 6122. An act to revise the authority of the Librarian of Congress to accept gifts and bequests on behalf of the Library, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6166. An act to require a study of voluntary community-based flood insurance options and how such options could be incorporated into the national flood insurance program, and for other purposes.

H.R. 6336. An act to direct the Joint Committee on the Library to accept a statue depicting Frederick Douglass from the District